FIG 1. A₁-Barringenol

FIG 2. The structure of barringtogenic acid and barringtogenol

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

FIG 3 (a) Initial and (b) revised structures of barringtogenol B

FIG 4 Barringtogenol C

FIG 5 - Barringtogenol D

FIG 6 - Barringtogenol E

FIG 7 - Compounds from B. acutangula

FIG 8. Barrinic acid

FIG 9 - Compounds from B. acutangula

FIG 10 - 2α ,3ß,19 α -trihydroxy-olean-12-ene-dioic acid 28-*O*-ß-D-gluco-pyranoside from the seeds of B. acutangula

Barringtoside A = 3-O- β -D-xylopyranosyl(1 \rightarrow 3)-[β -D-galactopyranosyl(1 \rightarrow 2)]- β -D-glucuronopyranosyl barringtogenol C

Barringtoside B = 3-O- β -D-xylopyranosyl(1 \rightarrow 3)-[β -D-galactopyranosyl(1 \rightarrow 2)]- β -D-glucuronopyranosyl -21-O-tigloyl-28-O-isobutyryl barringtogenol C

Barringtoside $C = 3-O-\alpha-L$ -arabinopyranosyl $(1 \rightarrow 3)-[\beta-D-galactopyranosyl(1 \rightarrow 2)]-\beta-D-glucuronopyranosyl barringtogenol <math>C$

FIG 11



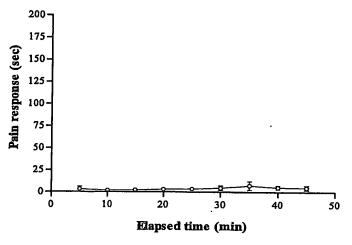


FIG 12 - Normal grooming response ($\overline{x} \pm S.E.$; n = 6).

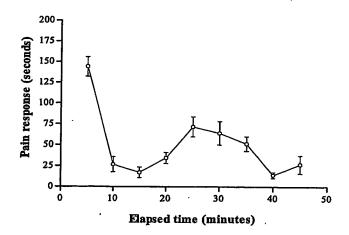


FIG 13 - Control values ($\overline{x} \pm S.E.$; n = 18).

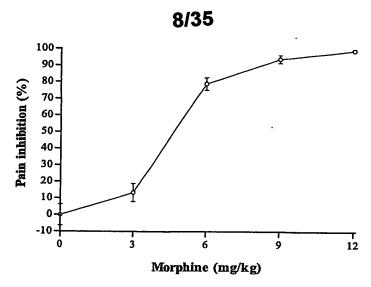


FIG 14 - Dose response curve for morphine ($\bar{x} \pm S.E.$; n = 6(min)).

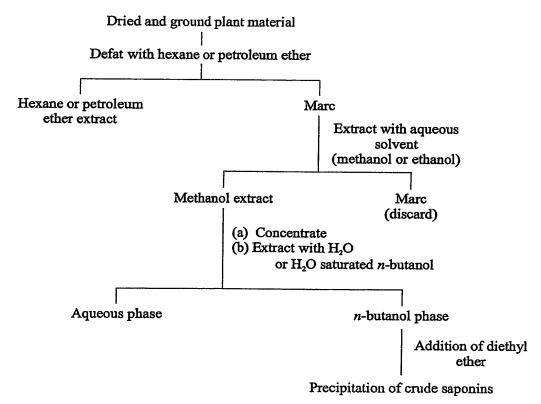


FIG 15 - Schematic for the preparation of crude saponin mixtures.

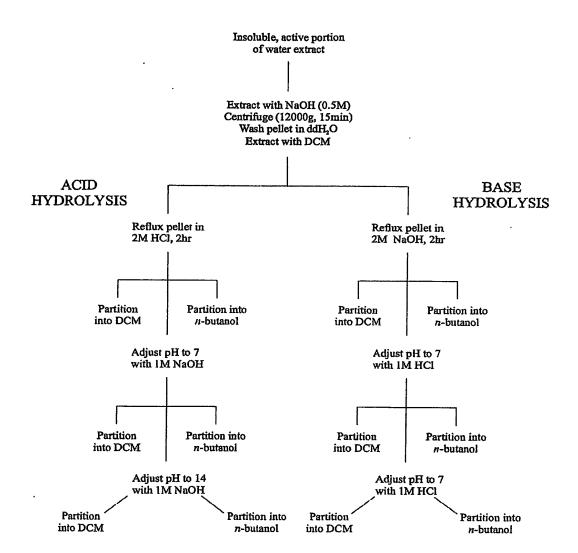


FIG 16 - Acid and base hydrolysis scheme.

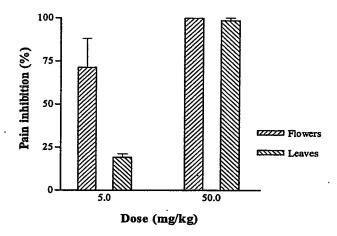


FIG 17 - Analgesic activity of water extract of flowers and leaves of *B.* acutangula ($\bar{x} \pm SE$, n=2).

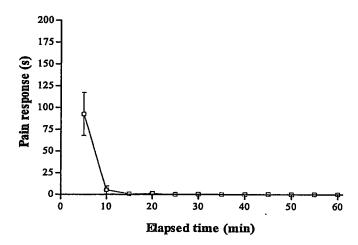


FIG 18 - Analgesic activity of crude water extract ($\overline{x} \pm SE$, n=5).

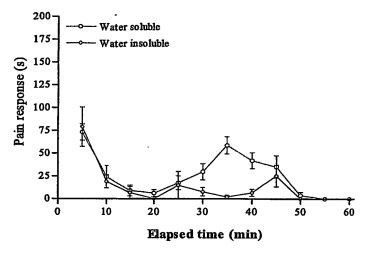


FIG 19 - Analgesic activity of crude water soluble (n=9) and insoluble (n=4) portions of the water extract ($\overline{x} \pm SE$).

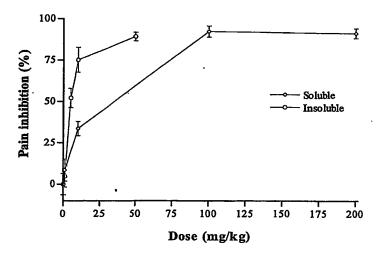


FIG 20 - Dose response curves for water extract ($\overline{x} \pm SE$, n=4).

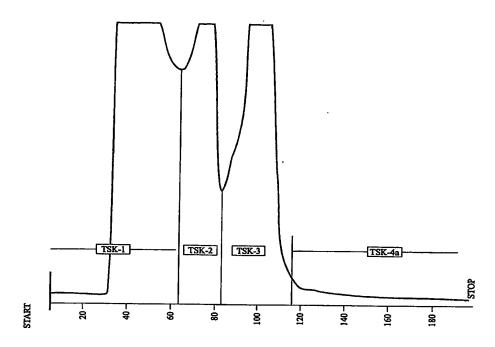


FIG 21 - Preparative gel permeation column.

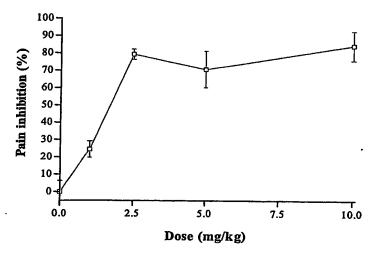


FIG 22 - Dose response curve for TSK-4a ($\overline{x} \pm SE$, n=3).

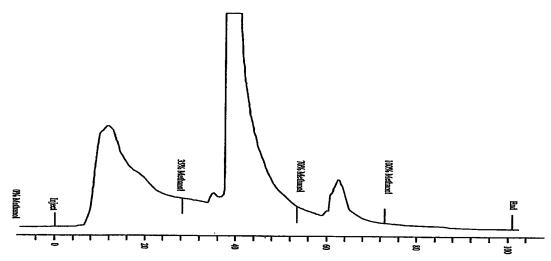


FIG 23 - C18 separation of TSK-4a.

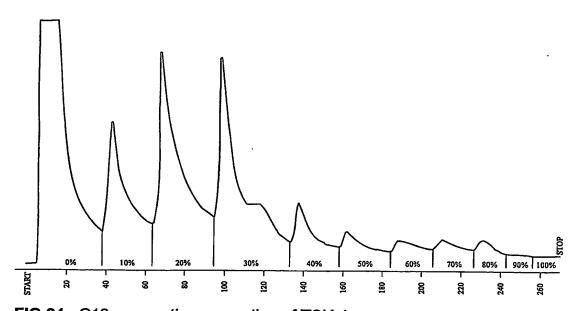


FIG 24 - C18 preparative separation of TSK-4a.

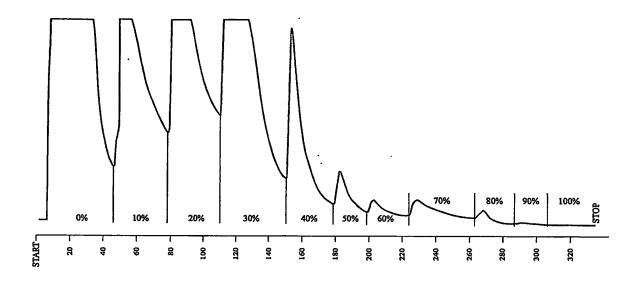


FIG 25 - Preparative C18 chromatogram of H₂O extract

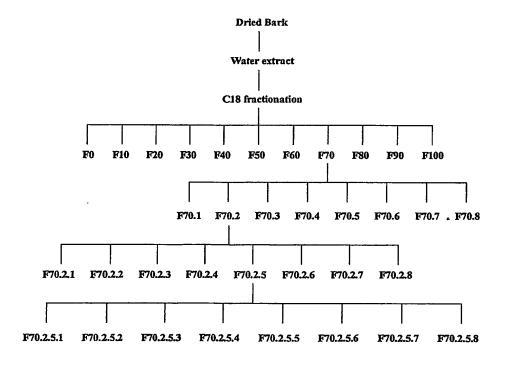


FIG 26 - Outline of numbering system compound F70.2.5.2.

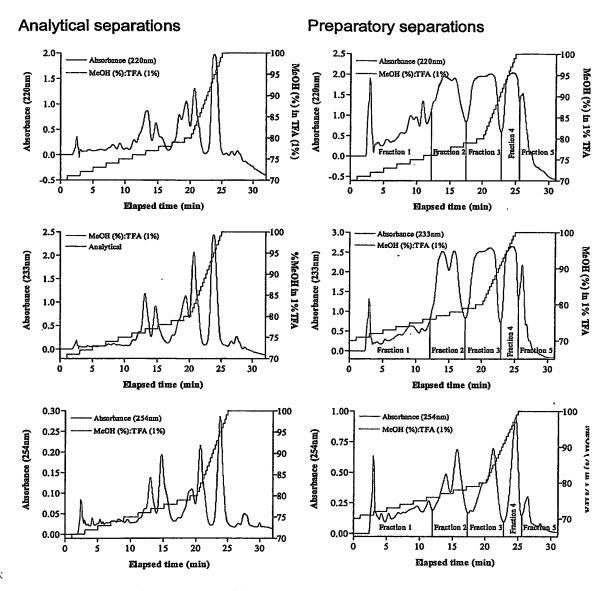


FIG 27 - Separation of fraction eluting at 70% MeOH (F70).

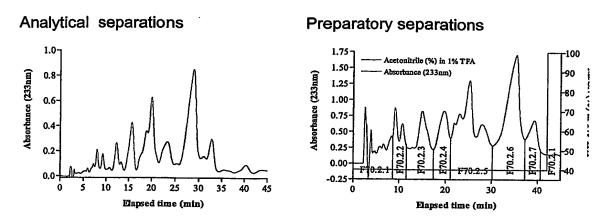


FIG 28 - Separation of fraction F70.2 (40%MeCN in 1%TFA).

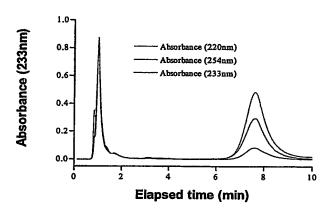


FIG 29 - Chromatogram of F70.2.6.

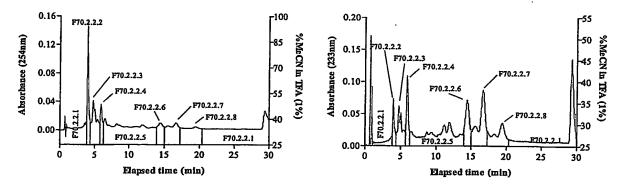


FIG 30 - Separation of fraction F70.2.2 at 254nm (left) and 233nm (right).

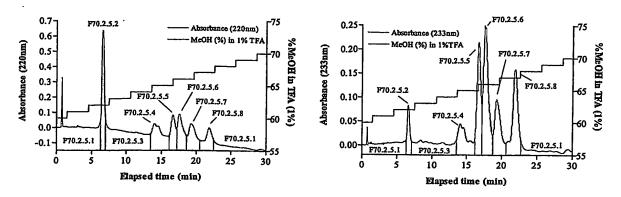


FIG 31 - Separation of fraction F70.2.5 at 220nm (left) and 233nm (right).

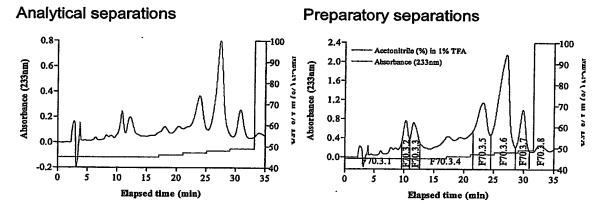


FIG 32 - Separation of fraction F70.3.

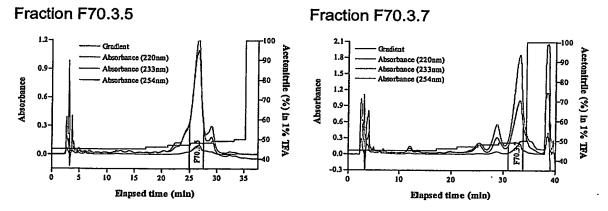


FIG 33 - Chromatograms of F70.3.5 and F70.3.7.



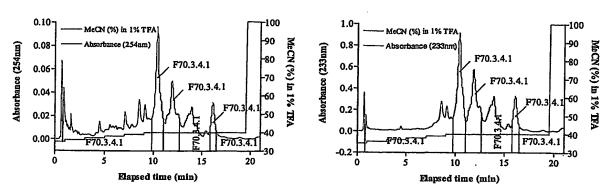


FIG 34 - Analytical separation of fraction F70.3.4 at 254 and 233nm.



2.8 2.4 2.0 1.6 0.8 0.4 0.0 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Elapsed time (min)

Preparative separation

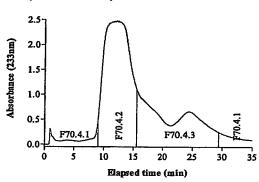


FIG 35 - Separation of F70.4.

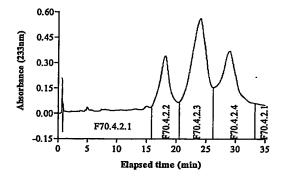


FIG 36 - Separation of F70.4.2.



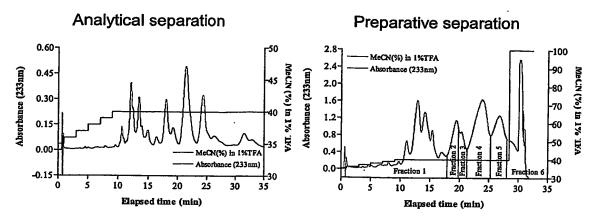


FIG 37 – Analytical separation (left) and preparative separation (right) of F70.4.3.

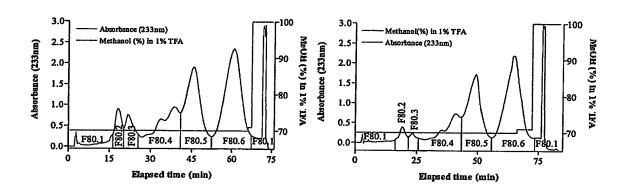


FIG 38 - Preparative chromatograms showing loss of peaks F80.2 & F80.3.

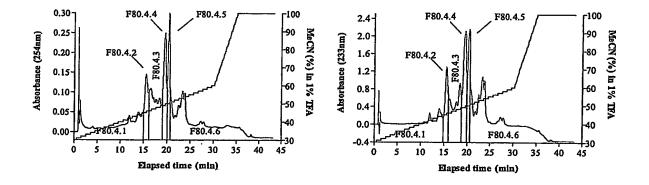


FIG 39 - Preparative chromatograms of F80.4.



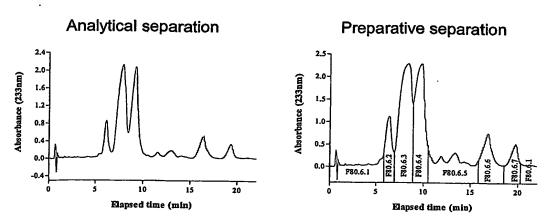


FIG 40 - Separation of fraction F80.6 using a phenyl reverse phase column with the analytical separation (left) and the preparative separation (right).

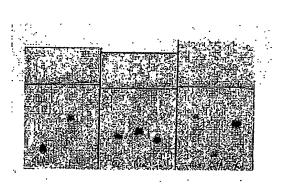


FIG 41 - Standard sugars used for TLC

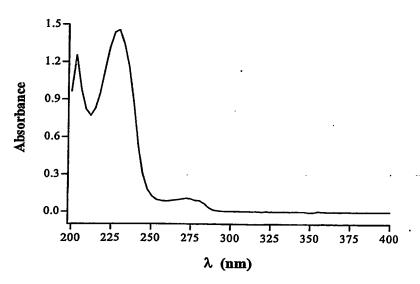


FIG 42 - UV spectrum of F70.3.6

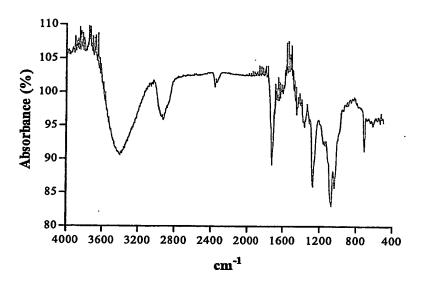


FIG 43 - FTIR spectrum of F70.3.6

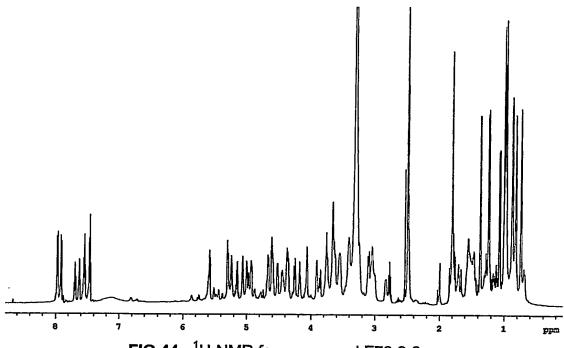


FIG 44 - ¹H-NMR for compound F70.3.6

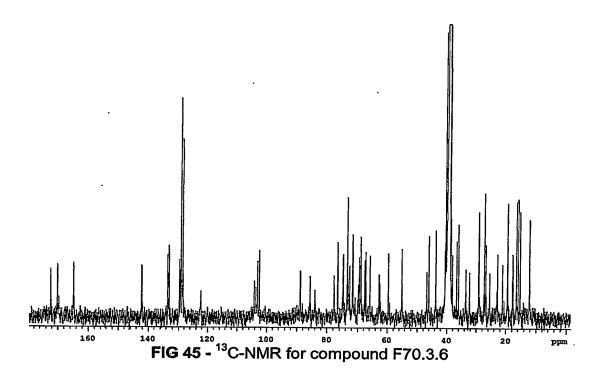


FIG 46 - The complete assignment of F70.3.6 (3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1? 3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1? 2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3-(3-benzoyl-2-methylbutanoyl)-4-benzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-22-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

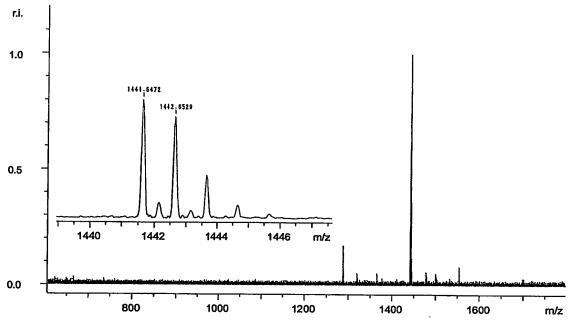


FIG 47 - Negative ion HR-ESMS of F70.3.6 (insets show detail of molecular ion)

FIG 48 - Compound F70.2.5.2 (2 α , 3 β , 19 α -trihydroxy-olean-12-ene-23, 28-dioic acid)

FIG 49 - Compound F70.2.3.
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-benzoyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 50 - Compound F70.3.2 3-O-ß-D-xylopyranosyl(1→2)]-ß-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-ß-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-benzoyl-28-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 51 - Compound F70.3.4.2 (3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-benzoyl-22-O-isobutyryl barringtogenol C)

FIG 52 - Compounds F70.4.3.5.2/F80.6.7 (3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-methylglucuronopyranosyl-21,22-O-dibenzoyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 53 - Compound F80.6.4/F70.4.2.4.2 (3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21, 22-O-dibenzoyl barringtogenol C

FIG 54 - Compound F70.4.3.4.2/F80.6.6 (3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-methylglucuronopyranosyl-21-O-benzoyl-22-O-tigloyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 55 - Compound F70.4.2.3/F80.6.3 (3-O-\(\beta\)-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[\(\beta\)-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-\(\beta\)-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-benzoyl-22-O-tigloyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 56 - Compound F70.4.3.2.2
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-methylglucuronopyranosyl-21,22-O-tigloyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 57 - Compound F80.6.2
(3-O-ß-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[ß-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-ß-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21,22-O-tigloyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 58 - Compound F70.3.3.2.2b
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-22-O-benzoyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 59 - Compound F70.2.6.2
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3,4-dibenzoyl-∀-L-arabinopyranosyl]-22-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 60 - Compound F70.3.4.5
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3,4-dibenzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-28-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

30/35

FIG 61 - Compound F70.3.5a

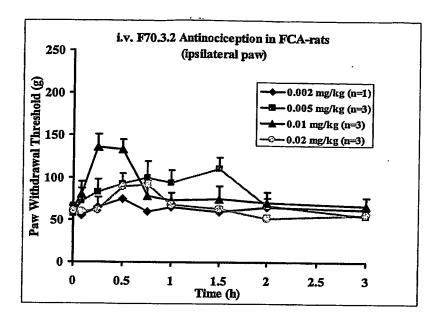
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3-(3-benzoyl-2-methylbutyryl)-4-tigloyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-22-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 62 - Compound F70.3.5b
(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→3)-[β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3-tigloyl-4-(3-benzoyl-2-methylbutyryl)-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-22-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 63 - Compound F70.3.7.2
(3-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3-(3-benzoyl-2-methylbutyryl)-4-benzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-22-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)

FIG 64 - Compound F80.4.5.2/F80.5.2

(3-O-β-D-xylopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-galactopyranosyl(1→2)]-β-D-glucuronopyranosyl-21-O-[3-(3-benzoyl-2-methylbutyryl)-4-benzoyl-α-L-arabinopyranosyl]-28-O-acetyl barringtogenol C)



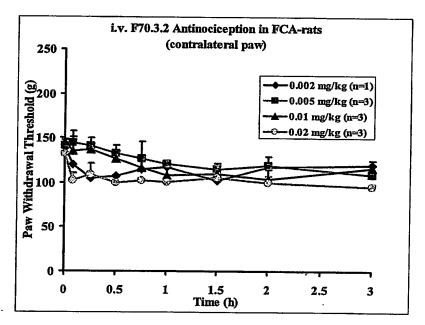
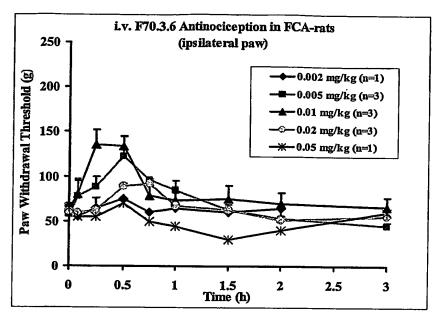


FIG. 65 is a graph of the mean (± SEM) paw withdrawal threshold versus time curves for (A) ipsilateral (inflamed) and (B) contralateral (non-inflamed) hindpaws of FCA-rats.



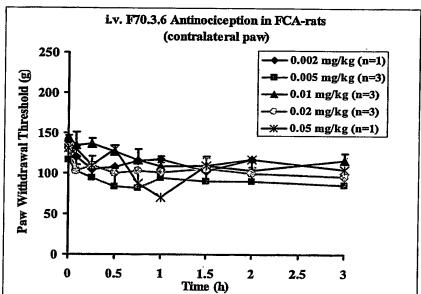


FIG. 66 is a graph of the mean (± SEM) paw withdrawal threshold versus time curves for the (A) ipsilateral (inflamed) and the (B) contralateral (non-inflamed) hindpaws of FCA-rats.

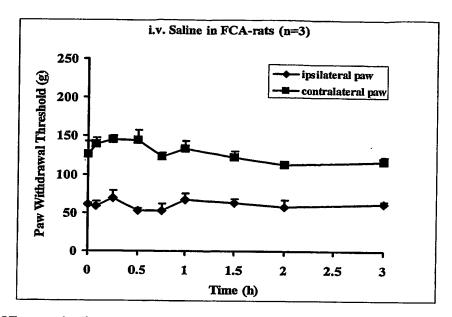


FIG. 67: is the mean (\pm SEM) paw withdrawal threshold versus time curve for the ipsilateral (inflamed) and the contralateral (non-inflamed) hindpaw in FCA-treated adult male Sprague-Dawley rats (n = 3) that received a single i.v. bolus of saline.

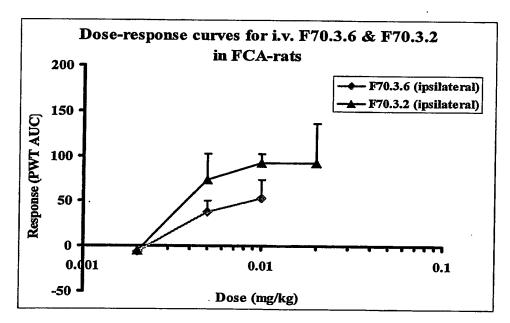


FIG. 68: Mean (\pm SEM) dose-response curves for the antinociceptive effects of i.v. bolus doses of F70.3.2 and F70.3.6 in the ipsilateral hindpaws of FCA-rats.

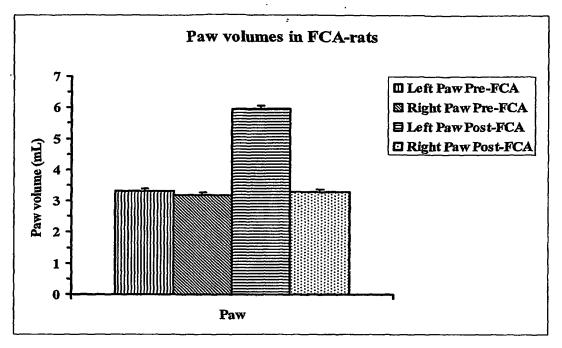


FIG. 69 is a graph of the paw volume pre and post FCA treatment.